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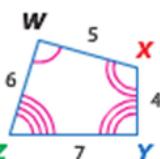
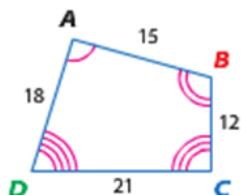
## 5-3 SIMILAR POLYGONS

**1 Identify Similar Polygons** **Similar polygons** have the same shape but not necessarily the same size.

**KeyConcept** Similar Polygons

Two polygons are similar if and only if their corresponding angles are congruent and corresponding side lengths are proportional.

**Example** In the diagram below,  $ABCD$  is similar to  $WXYZ$ .



Symbols  $ABCD \sim WXYZ$

Corresponding angles

$\angle A \cong \angle W, \angle B \cong \angle X, \angle C \cong \angle Y,$   
and  $\angle D \cong \angle Z$

Corresponding sides

$$\frac{AB}{WX} = \frac{BC}{XY} = \frac{CD}{YZ} = \frac{DA}{ZW} = \frac{3}{1}$$

$$\frac{15}{5} = \frac{12}{4} = \frac{21}{7} = \frac{18}{6} = \frac{3}{1}$$

Scale factor

Sim. ratio

As with congruence statements, the order of vertices in a similarity statement like  $ABCD \sim WXYZ$  is important. It identifies the corresponding angles and sides.

$\sim$  = Similar

**Example 1** Use a Similarity Statement

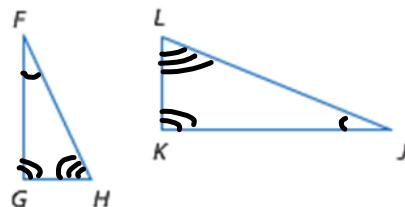
If  $\triangle FGH \sim \triangle JKL$ , list all pairs of congruent angles, and write a proportion that relates the corresponding sides.

Use the similarity statement.

$$\triangle FGH \sim \triangle JKL$$

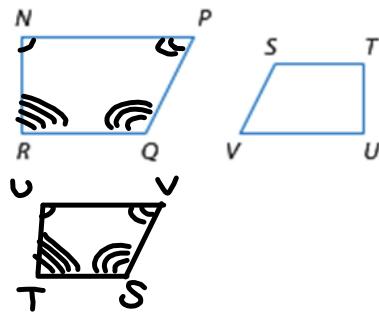
Congruent angles:  $\angle F \cong \angle J, \angle G \cong \angle K, \angle H \cong \angle L$

Proportion:  $\frac{FG}{JK} = \frac{GH}{KL} = \frac{HF}{LJ}$  = equivalent ratios  
(same value)



**EXAMPLE 1:** In the diagram,  $NPQR \sim UVST$ . List all pairs of congruent angles, and write a proportion that relates the corresponding sides.

$$\begin{aligned} \angle N &\cong \angle U \\ \angle P &\cong \angle V \\ \angle Q &\cong \angle S \\ \angle R &\cong \angle T \\ &\cong \angle T \end{aligned} \quad \left\{ \begin{aligned} \frac{NP}{UV} &= \frac{PQ}{VS} = \frac{QR}{ST} = \frac{RN}{TU} \\ &\text{sides proportional} \end{aligned} \right.$$



$$\text{scale factor} = \frac{\text{image}}{\text{preimage}}$$

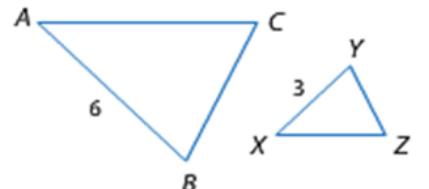
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The ratio of the lengths of the corresponding sides of two similar polygons is called the **similarity ratio** (often referred to as the **scale factor**). The similarity ratio depends on the order of comparison.

In the diagram,  $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle XYZ$ .

The scale factor of  $\triangle ABC$  to  $\triangle XYZ$  is  $\frac{6}{3}$  or 2.

The scale factor of  $\triangle XYZ$  to  $\triangle ABC$  is  $\frac{3}{6}$  or  $\frac{1}{2}$ .



**PHOTO EDITING** Kuma wants to use the rectangular photo shown as the background for her computer's desktop, but she needs to resize it. Determine whether the following rectangular images are similar. If so, write the similarity statement and scale factor. Explain your reasoning.

a. **Possible image**



b. **Possible image**



$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \frac{I}{P} \quad \frac{FG}{BC} \quad \frac{12}{8} = \frac{3}{2} \\ \frac{HG}{DC} = \frac{14}{10} = \frac{7}{5} \end{array} \right) \text{not Same}$$

not similar because  
the sides are not  
proportional.

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \frac{I}{P} \quad \frac{KL}{BC} \quad \frac{12}{8} = \frac{3}{2} \\ \frac{ML}{DC} \quad \frac{15}{10} = \frac{3}{2} \end{array} \right) \text{same}$$

Similar because  
the sides ARE  
proportional.

$ABCD \sim JKLM$  and  
the scale factor  
is  $\frac{3}{2}$ .

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## EXAMPLE 2:

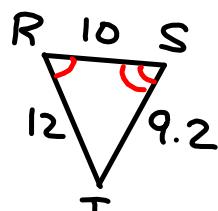
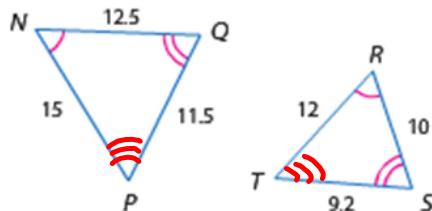
Determine whether the triangles shown are similar. If so, write the similarity statement and scale factor. Explain your reasoning.

$$\frac{NQ}{RS} = \frac{12.5}{10} = 1.25$$

$$\frac{QP}{ST} = \frac{11.5}{9.2} = 1.25$$

$$\frac{PN}{TR} = \frac{15}{12} = 1.25$$

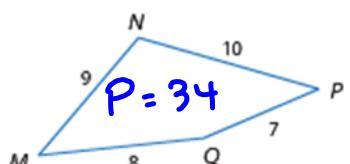
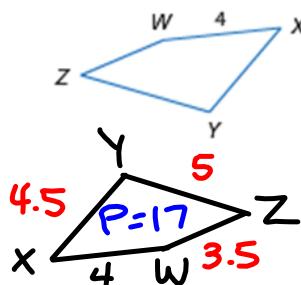
Same



$$\triangle NQP \sim \triangle RST \rightarrow \text{scale factor} = 1.25$$

EXAMPLE 3: **know**

If  $MNPQ \sim XYZW$ , find the similarity ratio of  $MNPQ$  to  $XYZW$ , find the lengths of all the missing sides of  $XYZW$ , and find the perimeters of both figures.



$$\frac{MNPQ}{XYZW} \frac{m}{x} = \frac{8}{4} = \frac{2}{1}$$

**Sim. ratio =  $\frac{2}{1}$**

$$\frac{MN}{XY} = \frac{9}{4} = \frac{2}{1} \quad 2XY = 9 \quad XY = 4.5$$

$$\frac{NP}{YZ} = \frac{10}{5} = \frac{2}{1} \quad 2YZ = 10 \quad YZ = 5$$

$$\frac{PQ}{ZW} = \frac{7}{3.5} = \frac{2}{1} \quad 2ZW = 7 \quad ZW = 3.5$$

Now, compare the perimeters of  $MNPQ$  to  $XYZW$ . What did you notice?

The Perimeter Ratio = the Similarity ratio.

$$\frac{\text{P of } MNPQ}{\text{P of } XYZW} = \frac{34}{17} = \frac{2}{1}$$

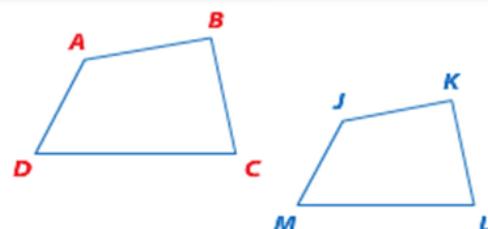
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**Theorem 7.1 Perimeters of Similar Polygons**

If two polygons are similar, then their perimeters are proportional to the scale factor between them.

Example If  $ABCD \sim JKLM$ , then

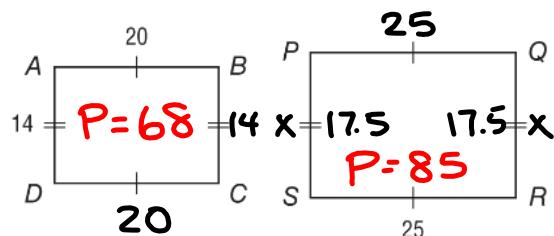
$$\frac{AB + BC + CD + DA}{JK + KL + LM + MJ} = \frac{AB}{JK} = \frac{BC}{KL} = \frac{CD}{LM} = \frac{DA}{MJ}$$



Perimeter Ratio = Similarity Ratio = Scale Factor.

EXAMPLE 4:

If  $ABCD \sim PQRS$ , find the scale factor of  $ABCD$  to  $PQRS$  and the perimeter of each polygon.



$$\frac{ABCD}{PQRS} \quad \frac{DC}{SR} \text{ or } \frac{AB}{PQ} \quad \frac{20}{25} = \frac{4}{5}$$

scale factor =  
 $\frac{4}{5}$  or 0.8

$$\frac{AD}{PS} \quad \frac{14}{x} = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$4x = 14(5)$$

$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{70}{4}$$

$$x = 17.5$$

check:  $\frac{\text{P of } ABCD}{\text{P of } PQRS} \quad \frac{68}{85} = 0.8 \checkmark$